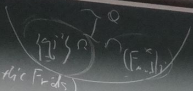


[JUTch III, Prop 3.7]

$TJ\mathcal{T}^{\text{red}} \in F$

(sl. Mackey dir. Fr'ds)
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{T} \text{ locA ACS} \\ n \text{ capsule } \mathcal{T} \text{ - pos obj} \end{array} \right.$



(i) (single Mackey nat. fid. \mathbb{R})

$\alpha \in A$

$$(T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha}$$

$$:= I_m \{ (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \rightarrow (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \xrightarrow{\text{loc}} (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \}$$

give \mathbb{R} id

$$\xrightarrow{\text{alg}} \text{fid } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha}$$

$$\sim_{\mathbb{R}} \text{fid } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha}$$

$$\sim_{\mathbb{R}} (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \sim (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha}$$

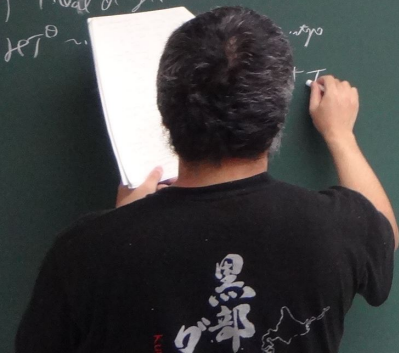
(ii) (single Mackey nat. fid. id. \mathbb{R})

$$\alpha \in A \quad (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} = (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{R} \text{ (Fid } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha}) \text{ } \left(\text{loc } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \right) \\ \text{fid } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \text{ } \sim \text{fid } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \\ \text{fid } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \text{ } \sim \text{fid } (T_{M_{\text{Mod}}}^{\ominus})_{\alpha} \end{array} \right.$$

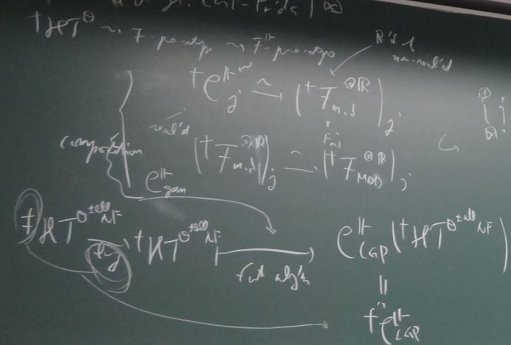
(iii) (red'd sl. LCP-Fr'ds)

$TJ\mathcal{T}^{\text{red}} \sim \dots$



黒部

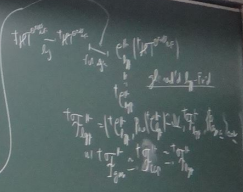
(iii) (real'd sl. LCP-Field) \mathbb{R}



$\mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{pos-def}})$ $\mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{non-pos-def}})$
 $\mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{pos-def}}) = \left(\begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{F}^{\text{pos-def}} \\ \mathbb{F}^{\text{non-pos-def}} \end{smallmatrix} \right)_j$
 $\mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{non-pos-def}}) = \left(\begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{F}^{\text{pos-def}} \\ \mathbb{F}^{\text{non-pos-def}} \end{smallmatrix} \right)_j$

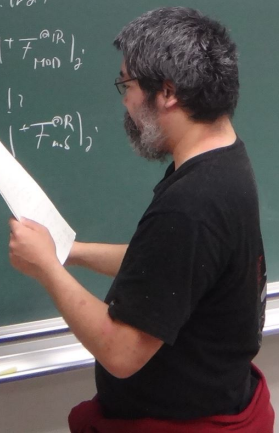
(iv) (real'd sl. LCP-Field) \mathbb{R}

$\mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{pos-def}}) = \mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{non-pos-def}})$
 $\mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{pos-def}}) \sim \mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{non-pos-def}})$
 $\mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{pos-def}}) \sim \mathbb{F}_{\text{LCP}}(\text{ThT}^{\text{non-pos-def}})$



(v) (real'd product embedding \leftrightarrow non-real'd sl. Field)

$\text{ThT}_{\text{LCP}}^0 \xrightarrow{\text{alt. geom.}} \prod_{j \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{sl.}}} \left(\begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{F}^{\text{pos-def}} \\ \mathbb{F}^{\text{non-pos-def}} \end{smallmatrix} \right)_j$
 $\text{ThT}_{\text{LCP}}^0 \xrightarrow{\text{alt. geom.}} \prod_{j \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{sl.}}} \left(\begin{smallmatrix} \mathbb{F}^{\text{pos-def}} \\ \mathbb{F}^{\text{non-pos-def}} \end{smallmatrix} \right)_j$



(v) (real) product embeddings \leftarrow non-real' d. of \mathbb{F} (id)

$$\text{ell}_{\text{LSP}}(\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{T}^{\otimes 2} \otimes_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{N}\mathbb{F}) \leftarrow \prod_{\mathbb{F} \subset \mathbb{F}_e^*} (\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{R})_2$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\text{ell}_{\text{LSP}}(\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{T}^{\otimes 2} \otimes_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{N}\mathbb{F}) \leftarrow \prod_{\mathbb{F} \subset \mathbb{F}_e^*} (\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{R})_2$$

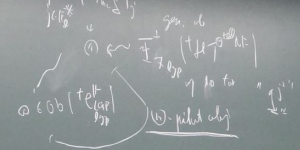
" $g \in \mathbb{F}_e^*$
" $g \in \mathbb{F}_e^*$

fract. ideal
gen. by eltn
altern. obj \leftarrow $\text{ell}_{\text{LSP}}(\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{T}^{\otimes 2} \otimes_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{N}\mathbb{F})$

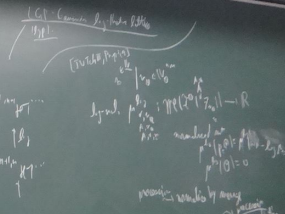
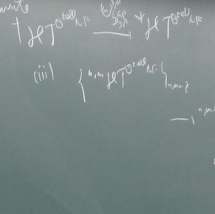
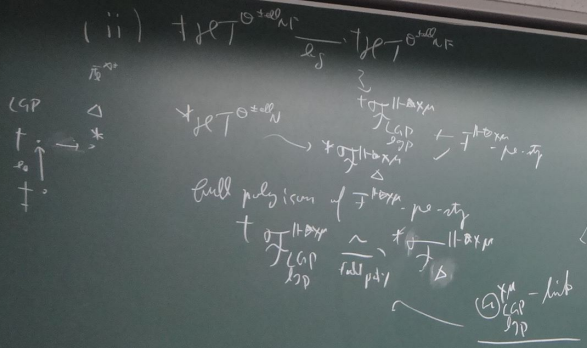
[IVTch III, Def 3.6]

(i) $\prod_{\mathbb{F} \subset \mathbb{F}_e^*} (\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{R})_2$

$M_{\mathbb{F}}$
 $\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{R}$
 $\mathbb{T} \times_{\mathbb{F}} \mathbb{R}$



$\text{ell}_{\Delta} \Delta = \langle \rho, \langle \mathbb{F} \rangle \rangle$
 $\text{split} \in \text{ell}_{\mathbb{F}_e} \mathbb{T}$
 $\text{split} \rightarrow \text{gen. } \rho \in \text{ell}_{\mathbb{F}_e} \mathbb{T}$
 $\text{split} \rightarrow \text{gen. } \rho \in \text{ell}_{\mathbb{F}_e} \mathbb{T}$
 $\text{split} \rightarrow \text{gen. } \rho \in \text{ell}_{\mathbb{F}_e} \mathbb{T}$



$\widehat{I}^0(A, F_{K_0}) := \prod_{n_0 \in \mathbb{V}_0} \widehat{I}^0(A, F_{n_0}) \subseteq \widehat{I}^0(A, F_{K_0})$

μ_{K_0/K_0}
 μ_{K_0/K_0}

\mathbb{R}

inv. under a multiple by an elt $e \in (K_0^\times \setminus \mathbb{R}^\times)_d$

(modul form)

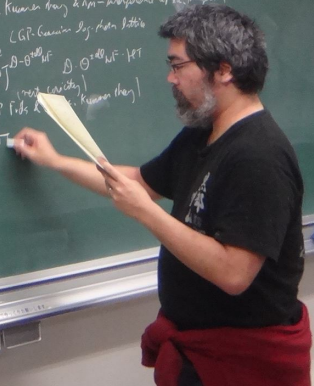
$\widehat{I}^0(A, F_{K_0})$

$\widehat{I}^0(A, F_{n_0})$

$A = \mathbb{R}[X]$
 $\mu_{\mathbb{R}}(A) = \mathbb{R}^\times$

[IV.1.1.1] \dots

(i) (inv. form) gl. CGP finds \dots



$$\mathcal{I}^0(A, \mathbb{F}_{N_0}) := \prod_{m_0 \in V_0} \mathcal{I}^0(A, \mathbb{F}_{m_0}) \subseteq \mathcal{L}_g(A, \mathbb{F}_{N_0})$$

$\xrightarrow{\mu_{A, N_0}}$
 $\mathbb{R} \xleftarrow{\text{odd degree ab}}$

inv. under a multiple by an elt $\in \begin{pmatrix} \mathbb{F}_{N_0} & 0 \\ 0 & \mathbb{F}_{N_0} \end{pmatrix}_d$
 (product formula)
 $\mathcal{I}^0(A, \mathbb{F}_{N_0})$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ & \dots \end{pmatrix}$$

[IVth III, Prop 3.10] / gl. Kummer theory & Artin-Schreier theory of local fields
 } μ_{A, N_0} $\mathcal{I}^0(A, \mathbb{F}_{N_0})$ (G.P. - Galois group, Galois theory)

(i) (inv. case) gl. Gal. F.F.s & inverse. Kummer theory

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{at-loc} \\
 \mu_{A, N_0} \mathcal{I}^0(A, \mathbb{F}_{N_0}) \xrightarrow{\text{inv. case}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{F.F.} \\ \text{F.F.} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{inv. case} \\ \text{inv. case} \end{array} \\
 \text{inv. case} \quad \text{inv. case} \quad \text{inv. case} \\
 \text{inv. case} \quad \text{inv. case} \quad \text{inv. case}
 \end{array}$$

$$(ii) \text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$$

\mathbb{F}_q^*
 LCP Δ
 $t \rightarrow *$
 $t_0 \rightarrow *$
 $t \rightarrow *$

$\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

full polynomial of \mathbb{F}_q^* - part
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

$\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

$\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

$\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

$\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

LCP - Galois theory, Galois theory
 inv. case

$\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

$\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$
 $\text{F.F.} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_g} \text{F.F.}$

$$I^{\otimes n}(A_{F_{N_0}}) := \prod_{N_0 \in \mathbb{N}} I^{\otimes n}(A_{F_{N_0}}) \in \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}(A_{F_{N_0}})$$

$\mathbb{Z}_{N_0} \xrightarrow{\text{degree } n} \mathbb{R} \xleftarrow{\text{degree } n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}$

inv. under a multiple by an elt $\in (\mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n})_d$
 (product formula)

$$\mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}(A_{F_{N_0}})$$

$A^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}(A)$
 $\mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}(A) \sim \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}(A)$

[IVT III Prop 3.10] / gl. Kummer theory & non-interference of the integers
 L.G.P. - Converse by other settings
 $\mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$

(i) inv. under gl. L.G.P. fields & assoc. Kummer theory
 (ii) inv. under gl. L.G.P. fields & assoc. Kummer theory

det. inv. under gl. L.G.P. fields & assoc. Kummer theory
 $\mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$

Kummer }
 Each Kummer \rightarrow

$(n, m) \xrightarrow{(-) \otimes} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes m} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$
 Mod Mod Mod
 mod mod mod

$(n, m) \xrightarrow{(-) \otimes} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes m} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$
 Mod Mod Mod
 mod mod mod

$(n, m) \xrightarrow{(-) \otimes} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes m} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$
 Mod Mod Mod
 mod mod mod

$(n, m) \xrightarrow{(-) \otimes} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes m} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$
 Mod Mod Mod
 mod mod mod

$$I^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} = \mu$$

(ii) non-interference of localizations
 $(n, m) \xrightarrow{(-) \otimes} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes m} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$
 Mod Mod Mod
 mod mod mod

$(n, m) \xrightarrow{(-) \otimes} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes m} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$
 Mod Mod Mod
 mod mod mod

$(n, m) \xrightarrow{(-) \otimes} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes m} \mathbb{Z}_{N_0}^{\otimes n}$
 Mod Mod Mod
 mod mod mod

table of the action

(h) $\forall \text{bed} \cong$
 splitting morphism

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma_{\text{CAR}}} \left(\nu, \nu \right) \left(\theta \oplus \theta \right) \left(\nu \right)$$

w/ action on

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma_{\text{CAR}^*}} \mathcal{L}^0 \left(S_{\nu, \nu}^T, \nu, \nu \right) \left(D_{\nu}^T \right)$$

inca

$$\mathcal{L}^0 \left(\dots D_{\nu}^T \right) \xrightarrow{\text{poly}} \mathcal{L}^0 \left(\dots \Gamma^T \nu \left(\nu, \nu \right) \right) \left(\nu \right) \cong \mathcal{L}^0 \left(\dots \Gamma \left(\nu, \nu \right) \right) \left(\nu \right)$$

↓
 Isomorphism

$$\Gamma \sim D \sim D^T$$

$$\left(\nu \right) \left(\nu \right) \left(\nu \right)$$

(i) $\in \mathbb{F}_2^*$

$$\text{w/ } \frac{1}{\Gamma_{\text{Mon}}} \left(\nu, \nu \right) \left(\theta \oplus \theta \right) \left(\nu \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Gamma_{\text{Mon}}} \left(- \right)$$

$$\subseteq \mathcal{L}^0 \left(S_{\nu, \nu}^T, \nu, \nu \right) \left(D_{\nu}^T \right) := \frac{1}{\Gamma_{\text{Mon}}} \left(S_{\nu, \nu}^T, \nu, \nu \right) \left(D_{\nu}^T \right)$$

$$\text{w/ } \frac{1}{\Gamma_{\text{Mon}}} \left(\nu, \nu \right) \left(\theta \oplus \theta \right) \left(\nu \right) \cong \frac{1}{\Gamma_{\text{Mon}}} \left(\nu, \nu \right) \left(\theta \oplus \theta \right) \left(\nu \right)$$

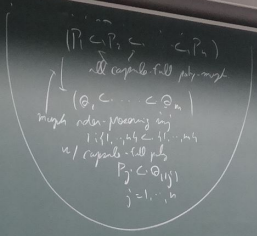
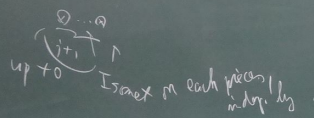
(isomorphism)

$n, 0 \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{LAP}}$: the above data $(a), (b), (c)$
 up to the following model.

(Inlet \rightarrow) $\text{Pr}(\mathbf{n}, \mathbf{0})^T$ \leftarrow up to autom.

(Inlet \rightarrow) $n_{i0} \in \mathbb{V}_0^{\text{min}}$ (anc onset)

$\text{IO}(\mathbf{S}_{j=1}^T, \mathbf{n}, \mathbf{0})^T$



parametrization system of stable pictures

$\text{Pr}(\mathbf{n}, \mathbf{0})^T \xrightarrow{\text{IO}} \text{Pr}(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{n})^T$

$n, 0 \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{LAP}} \xrightarrow{\text{IO}} n', 0 \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{LAP}}$

$\xrightarrow{\text{IO}} \mathbf{n}, \mathbf{0} \xrightarrow{\text{IO}} \mathbf{n}', \mathbf{0}$ \rightarrow $\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{0}$

IOmax

(ii) log-Kummer correct

$n, m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Kummer



We consider the above data (a) up to the following order.
 (Indet ↑) $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, isom (a) is upper semi-compact.

(iii) (i) \mathbb{Z}^m - like compatibility

Komm is in (ii) have the following properties w.r.t. \mathbb{Z}^m - like

(a). Komm in (ii) $\xrightarrow{F_{\Delta}^{x_1, x_2}}$ $n, m \in \mathbb{Z}^m \rightarrow \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} (n, 0)_{\Delta}^{-}$
 rel. to $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} (n, 0)_{\Delta}^{-} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} (n+1, 0)_{\Delta}^{-} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_3} (n+2, 0)_{\Delta}^{-}$
 \downarrow
 is conj. d. w

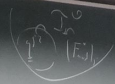


Diagram illustrating the relationship between $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1}$ and $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2}$ and their wedge product. The diagram shows a large circle containing several smaller circles and lines, with labels like $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1}$, $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2}$, and $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2}$.

(b). $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} \sim \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_3}$
 $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} \sim \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_3}$
 $\sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} \sim \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_1} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_2} \wedge \sigma_{\Delta}^{+x_3}$

summary of Th 3.11

(i) (protagonists II)

unit partition \rightsquigarrow

$\mathbb{F} \quad \mathbb{F}_l^{X^+}$ rel. TP

\mathbb{F}^+

$\mathbb{F}_l^{(SP)}$ log-ld

\leftarrow const of log-ld in \mathbb{F}_l^* - sym.

$\mathbb{X} \quad \mathbb{F}_l^{*}$ NF

\mathbb{M}_{out} Belya completion

(hidden mod + plc)

(ii) (log-Kummer)

upper semi-const. $0^* < \frac{1}{g} \log 10^*$

(Index \uparrow) $g, 10^*$

non-interference

circul. mult. ring. \leftarrow all comp. in the \leftarrow hidden mod + plc

non-interference

$$F_{h,1} \cap \prod_{i=1}^n 0 = p$$

(iii) (const of $\mathbb{F}_l^{X^+}$)

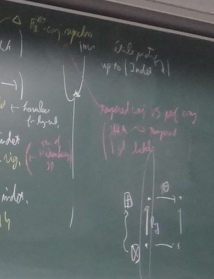
inv. up to (Index \rightarrow)

protected from \mathbb{Z}^* -index

non-trivial cycle sign \leftarrow const of hidden mod

protected from \mathbb{Z}^* -index

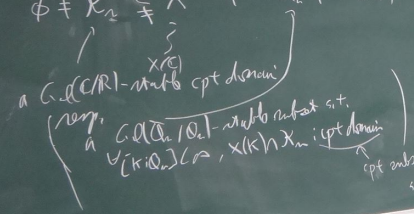
$$Q_{2^n} \cap \mathbb{Z}^* = \mathbb{Z}^*$$



$V_0 > V$ fin. subset $\supset V_0^{\text{anc}}$

$V \cap V_0^{\text{anc}}, v$ (resp. $V \cap V_0^{\text{non-anc}}$)

$\phi \neq X_{2^k} \subseteq X^{\text{anc}}$ ($\phi \neq X_{2^k} \subseteq X(\mathbb{Q}_{2^k})$)



$X_V \subset X(\mathbb{Q})$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x \in X(\mathbb{Q}) \\ v \in V \cap V_0^{\text{anc}} \end{array} \right\}$

cpt subset of topology \leftarrow it is the closure of the topology

$$W_0 \supset V \text{ fin. subset } \supset W_0^{\text{acc}}$$

$$\forall n W_0^{\text{acc}}, v \text{ (resp. } \forall n W_0^{\text{acc}} \supset v)$$

$$\phi \neq X_n \subseteq X^{\text{acc}} \text{ (resp. } \phi \neq X_n \subseteq X(\overline{0}_n))$$

a G.C.C.R.I.-stable cpt domain

(resp. a G.C.C.R.I.-stable subset s.t. $\forall [K_i]_{i \in \mathbb{N}}, X(K) \cap X_n$ is cpt domain)

opt subset of \mathbb{R}^n s.t. ϕ in the domain of the restriction

$X_V \subset X(\overline{0})$ + complete bdd subset

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x \in X(\overline{0}) \\ \exists n \in \mathbb{N} \exists V_n^{\text{acc}} \text{ (resp. in } V_n^{\text{acc}}) \\ \text{the rest of } [(\overline{0})] \text{ is } X_n^{\text{acc}} \\ \text{(resp. } X_n^{\text{acc}} \text{) dtd by } X \\ \subseteq X_n \end{array} \right.$$

$$X_V \sim V, X_n \\ \uparrow \\ \text{support.}$$

Prop. 2 ([Goe11, Th 2.1])

The following are equiv.

1) Th 1 (Vojta's conjecture for curves (S. Hodge))

X : proper smooth geom., can curve / surface

$X \supset D$: red. div., $\forall x \in X \setminus D$, $\text{supp}(x) \text{ dtd by } D$

$\forall x$: height (i.e. $\log |x|$) ≥ 0 , $\forall \epsilon > 0$

we have

$$\#\{x \in X(\overline{0}) \mid \log |x| \leq (1+\epsilon)(\log |x| + \log |x|) \text{ on } U_x(\overline{0})\} \ll 1$$

2) \sum_i : fin. set of prime

$$U_{p_i} := \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, 1, \infty\}$$

$X_V \subset U_{p_i}(\overline{0})$: a spily bdd subset whose support $\supset \sum$

$$\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}, \forall z \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$$

$$\#\{x \in U_{p_i}(\overline{0}, \text{str}) \mid \log |x| \leq (1+\epsilon)(\log |x| + \log |x|) \text{ on } U_{p_i}(\overline{0})\} \ll d$$

$V_0 \supset V$ fin. subset $\supset V_0^{\text{arc}}$

$V \cap V_0^{\text{arc}}, V$ (resp. $V \cap V_0^{\text{non-arc}}$)

$\phi \neq X_2 \subseteq X^{\text{arc}} \quad (\phi \neq X_2 \subseteq X(\overline{D}_2))$

a $G_d(\mathbb{C}/\mathbb{R})$ -invariant cpt domain
 (resp. a $G_d(\overline{D}_2/\overline{D}_1)$ -invariant subset s.t. $V \cap (\overline{D}_2) \subset \Omega, X(\overline{D}_2) \cap X_m$: cpt domain)

cpt subset of support s.t. it is the domain of resolution

$X_V \subset X(\overline{D})$ + compact, bdd subset

$x \in X(\overline{D})$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x \in X(\overline{D}) \cap \overline{D}_2^{\text{arc}} \\ \exists v \in V \cap V_0^{\text{arc}} \text{ (resp. } v \in V \cap V_0^{\text{non-arc}}) \\ \text{the set of } \{(\tau, \theta)\} \text{ pts of } X^{\text{arc}} \\ \text{(resp. } X(\overline{D}_2) \text{) dist'd by } \tau \\ \subseteq X_V \end{array} \right.$

$X_V \sim V_1 \times X_m$
 support

Prop 1.2 ([Gru11], [Tz2, 1])

The follo- (1), (2) are equiv.

(1) Th 11 (Vojta's conjecture for curves ([Voj84]))
 X : proper smooth system, conn. curve / no bif
 $X \supset D$: red. div. $V_V = X \setminus D$, v_V for $\text{div} = V$
 V_V : hyperbolic (i.e. $\text{deg}(v_V) > 0$) $\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}, \forall \epsilon > 0$
 the rank
 $\# \{x \in X(\overline{D}) \mid \sum_{i=1}^d \log |x_i| \leq \log d + \epsilon\} \ll d^\epsilon$
 on $U_X(\overline{D}) \stackrel{\text{ad}}{\sim}$

$U_X(\overline{D}) = U_X(\overline{D}) \cup U_X(\overline{D})$
 $\cup U_X(\overline{D}) \cup U_X(\overline{D})$
 $\cup U_X(\overline{D}) \cup U_X(\overline{D})$

(2) fix \sum : fin. set of primes

$U_{p_i} = \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, 1, p_i\}$

$X_V \subset U_{p_i}(\overline{D})$: a cpily bdd subset where support $\supset \sum$

$\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}, \forall \epsilon \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$

$\# \{x \in U_{p_i}(\overline{D}) \mid \sum_{i=1}^d \log |x_i| \leq \log d + \epsilon\} \ll d^\epsilon$
 on $X_V \cap U_{p_i}(\overline{D}) \stackrel{\text{ad}}{\sim}$

(1) \Rightarrow (2) special case
 (1) \Leftarrow (2) non-arith. Polymorph. [Belyi]
arith



fix
 ② Σ : f.m. set of pairs
 $U_{p_i} := P_{\Sigma}^{-1} \setminus \{0, 1, \infty\}$
 $X_V \subset U_{p_i}(\mathbb{Q})$: a q-pts. sub-set
 whose support $> \Sigma$
 $\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}, \forall z \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$

$$\# X_{U_{p_i}(10, 10^z)} \leq (1+\epsilon) (\log\text{-diff}(p_i) + \log\text{-ord}_{p_i}(z))$$

on $X_V \cap U_{p_i}(\mathbb{Q}) \leq d$

① \Rightarrow ②: open & close
 ① \Leftarrow ②: non-arith. Polynoms [Poly] & convexity
 (implies diff. behavior)

Lemma 1.3 ([IVTch IV, Prop. 1.2 (ii)])
 λ/q fin. e. non-zero of λ/q
 $\lambda \in \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{Z}, p^a O_{\lambda} := \lfloor \frac{\lambda}{2} \rfloor$
 $m := \begin{cases} \lfloor \frac{1}{\epsilon} \lceil \frac{\lambda}{2} \rceil \rfloor & p \geq 2 \\ \lfloor \frac{\lambda}{2} \rfloor & p = 2 \end{cases}$ $d_i := \lfloor \frac{\log \lfloor \frac{\lambda}{2} \rfloor}{\log p} \rfloor - \frac{1}{\epsilon}$
 $\Rightarrow p^a O_{\lambda} \leq \log_p(O_{\lambda}^*) \leq 1 + O_{\lambda}$

If $p \geq 2, \epsilon \leq p^{-2}$
 $\Rightarrow p^a O_{\lambda} = \log_p(O_{\lambda}^*) = 1 + O_{\lambda}$
 (not)
 $- \log(p) \leq 0$

Prop 1.12 ([IVTch IV, Th. 1.10])

$$- \log_2 \left(\frac{q}{2} \right) = - \frac{1}{2\ell} \log_2(\sigma_2)$$

initial & other data @
q-pairs fin V and

$$- \log_2(\sigma_2) \leq - \frac{1}{2\ell} \log_2(\sigma_2) +$$

$$\frac{\ell+1}{4} \left(- \frac{1}{6} \left(1 - \frac{12}{\ell^2} \right) \log_2(\sigma_2) + (1 + \frac{36 \text{dnd}}{\ell} \left(\log\text{-diff}(X_{\Sigma}) + \log\text{-ord}_{p_i}(z) \right) \right) \# \left(\frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{m} \log \frac{1}{m} \right) \right)$$

$$\text{dnd} := [F_{\text{nd}} : \mathbb{Q}]$$

$$\text{dnd}^V := \text{dnd} \cdot 2^{\ell^2} \cdot 3^{\ell^2}$$

$2 \cdot \# \mathbb{Q}(p)^V \cdot \# \text{Cl}_2(\mathbb{F}_2) \cdot \# \text{Cl}_2(\mathbb{F}_3) \neq \text{Cl}_2(\mathbb{F}_6)$

Vick: $|\log_2 \frac{q}{2}| \leq |\log_2 \sigma_2|$
 $|\log_2(\sigma_2)| \leq 0$
 \Rightarrow NE hyperbolicity
 $\mathbb{Z}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ all the
 $(\text{nd} - 1)$
 $(\text{nd}) \leq 0$
 Gauss-Bonnet
 \Rightarrow $|\log_2 \frac{q}{2}| \leq 0$
 hyperbolicity

§ 9.2 Choice of Initial Data

prob. number theorem

Prop 1.12 (IVT II, Th 1.10)

$$-|\log(\frac{q}{p})| = -\frac{1}{2^l} \log(\sigma_q)$$

minimal # of bits \log_2
 if p, q are $\sqrt{2}$

$$-|\log(\frac{q}{p})| \leq -\frac{1}{2^l} \log(\sigma_q) +$$

$$\frac{\log 4}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{6} \left(1 - \frac{12}{j^2} \right) \log_2(\sigma_q) + \left(1 + \frac{36 \log 2}{l} \right) \left(\log_2 \left(\frac{1 + \log_2(\sigma_q)}{1 - \log_2(\sigma_q)} \right) + \log_2 \left(\frac{1 + \log_2(\sigma_q)}{1 - \log_2(\sigma_q)} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$d_{\text{ord}} := [\text{Fid} : \mathbb{Q}]$$

$$d_{\text{ord}} := d_{\text{ord}} \cdot 2^l \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5$$

$$2 \cdot \#(P) \cdot \#(Q) \cdot \#(R) \cdot \#(S) \cdot \#(T) \cdot \#(U) \cdot \#(V) \cdot \#(W) \cdot \#(X) \cdot \#(Y) \cdot \#(Z)$$

IVT II - $|\log(\frac{q}{p})| \leq |\log(\sigma_q)|$
 $|\log(\frac{q}{p})| \leq 0$
 \rightarrow hyperbolicity
 Gauss' Lemma
 All of \mathbb{Z} are hyperbolic

§ 9.2 Christoffel Imbedding
 [IVT II] $U_p(\mathbb{Q}) \supset K$ split field $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{5})$
 $U_p(\mathbb{Q}) \supset \mathbb{A} \supset \mathbb{F}_p$
 Then $\exists C, k \in \mathbb{R} > 0$
 $\forall \epsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0$

IVT II

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} -|\log(\frac{q}{p})| \\ -\frac{1}{2^l} \log(\sigma_q) \end{array} \right)$$

\exists f.a. subset $\text{exc} \subset U_p$



\Rightarrow (i.e. subset $\text{Exc}_{X,d} \subset \cup_{p \mid d} \{0\} \subseteq d$ s.t.

$$\text{Exc}_{X,d} \supset A$$

$$X = [(E_F, \alpha)] \in (\cup_{p \mid d} K) \setminus \text{Exc}_{X,d} \subseteq d$$

F_{mod} : field of moduli of $E_F := E_F \times F$

$$F_{\text{tpd}} := F_{\text{mod}}(E_{F_{\text{mod}}}(2)) \subset F$$

Assume all pts of $E_F(3,5)$ rat. / F

$$(E_F = F_{\text{tpd}}(\sqrt{1}, E_{F_{\text{tpd}}}(3,5)))$$

$\Rightarrow E_F$ / F_{mod} arises as a part of
minimal \mathbb{Q} -data

$$2 \cdot \text{ht}_{\text{log}}(10,1,-1) \leq (1+d) \left(\sum_{p \mid d} \text{ht}_{\text{log}}(p,1) + \log_{\text{cond}}(10,1,-1) \right) + C_X$$

pt) $\text{Exc}_{X,d} := A$ \sim one small enlarge in the prod

$$X = [(E_F, \alpha)] \in \cup_{p \mid d} (F \setminus K) \setminus \text{Exc}_{X,d}$$

$$g(x) = \sum_{\substack{p \mid x \\ p \leq 5}} \log p \wedge x \text{ (x=0)}$$

(Chebotarev's th) Take $\exists \epsilon_{\text{prn}} \geq 5$ s.t.
 $\frac{2}{3} x \leq g(x) \leq \frac{4}{3} x$
for $x \geq \epsilon_{\text{prn}}$

$$R_i = d(E_F) = \log \left(\frac{d(E_F)}{(F/\mathbb{Q})} \right) = \frac{1}{d} \sum_{p \mid d} \log \left(\frac{d(E_{F_p})}{d(F_p)} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{d} \log |A| \approx \text{ht}_{\text{log}}(10,1,-1)$$

($d_n = 0 \Leftrightarrow E_F$ has good red. char)

$\exists E_{F_i}$ many isom. classes of E_F of $d^2 \subset \mathbb{Q}_{p^2}^*$

$$E_{F_i} \text{ have } \text{Exc}_{X,d} \text{ as } \text{multiplicities}$$

$$(s) \quad \forall i \geq \epsilon_{\text{prn}} \neq \text{prn}$$

$$\left(\xi_{pm} \geq 5, \eta_{pm} > 0 \Rightarrow h^{\frac{1}{2}} \geq 5 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad 2d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^+ h) &\geq 2[F;0] h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log_2 [F;0] h \\ &\geq \sum_{h_n \neq 0} 2h^{-\frac{1}{2}} \log(2h_n) \log_2(h_n) h_n \log(h_n) \\ &\geq \sum_{h_n \neq 0} h^{-\frac{1}{2}} \log(h_n) h_n \geq \sum_{h_n \geq h^{\frac{1}{2}}} \log(h_n) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} &\geq [F;0] h^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sum_{\substack{m \text{ min} \\ h_n \geq h^{\frac{1}{2}}}} h^{-\frac{1}{2}} h_n \log(h_n) \geq \sum_{\substack{m \text{ min} \\ h_n \geq h^{\frac{1}{2}}}} h^{-\frac{1}{2}} h_n \log(h_n) \\ &\geq \sum_{h_n \geq h^{\frac{1}{2}}} h^{-\frac{1}{2}} h_n \log(h_n) \geq \sum_{h_n \geq h^{\frac{1}{2}}} \log(h_n) \end{aligned}$$

$A \subset \text{Prims}$

$\forall p$ satisfies $(\beta 1), (\beta 2), (\beta 3)$

$(\beta 1) \quad p \leq h^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$(\beta 2) \quad p \neq 0$ for some $m \in \mathbb{N}(F;1)^m$

$(\beta 3) \quad p = p_m$ for some $m \in \mathbb{N}(F;1)^m$ & $h_n \geq h^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$\Rightarrow (\beta 1) \quad \sum \log(p) = -\mathcal{O}(h^{\frac{1}{2}}) \leq \frac{4}{3} h^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (by $2d \leq -d(60)$ & $h^{\frac{1}{2}} \geq \frac{1}{3} p_m^{-1}(61)$)

$(\beta 2) \quad \sum_{\substack{m \in \mathbb{N} \\ p \in \mathbb{N} \\ \text{not } (\beta 3)}} \log(p) \leq \sum_{h_n \geq h^{\frac{1}{2}}} \log(h_n) \leq 2d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^+ h)$ by (2)

$(\beta 3) \quad \sum_{m \in \mathbb{N}(F;1)^m} \log(p) \leq d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}}$ by (3)

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow (\beta' 23) \quad \mathcal{V}_A &:= \sum_{p \in A} \log(p) \\ &\leq 2h^{\frac{1}{2}} + d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^+ h) \\ &\leq 4d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^+ h) \leq -\frac{4}{3} p_{pm} + 5d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^+ h) \end{aligned}$$

$(\beta' 1), (\beta' 2), (\beta' 3) \quad 2h^{\frac{1}{2}} \leq d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ \& } \log(2d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}}) \geq \log(4)$

$\Rightarrow l \notin A \quad \exists s.t. \quad l \leq 2(2d^+ + \frac{4}{3} p_{pm})$
 $\text{otherwise } \mathcal{V}_A \geq \mathcal{V}(2d^+ + \frac{4}{3} p_{pm}) \geq \frac{2}{3}(2d^+ + \frac{4}{3} p_{pm}) \geq \frac{4}{3} d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 by $2d \leq -d(60)$
 contradict.

$l \notin A$

$\Rightarrow (P1) \quad \text{upper bound } l \leq 10d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^+ h)$

$(5 \leq) \quad h^{\frac{1}{2}} \leq 10d^+ h^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^+ h)$
 $\} \text{ not in } A$



Claim 1 By enlarging \mathbb{F}_X , we may assume

(P4) \exists l -gal. subgrp scheme in \mathbb{F}_X [L] \exists const. $\epsilon > 0$

admits $\forall \epsilon=1 \frac{\epsilon-2}{2} \text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) \leq \log l + T_X \leq l + T_X$

\exists (w. many such $x \in \mathbb{F}_X$)

Claim 2 By enlarging \mathbb{F}_X , we may assume

(P5) $\exists \neq \emptyset \text{ mod } \ell = \{ \alpha \in \mathbb{N}_{>0} \mid \alpha \geq 2, \exists \beta \text{ s.t. } \alpha \beta \text{ odd and } \alpha \beta \}$

(P5a) $\forall \beta \in \mathbb{N} \exists \ell \in \mathbb{N} \exists \log \ell \leq \log(200 \ell^{\beta/2}) \leq 2 \log \ell + \log(200)$

(P5b) $\leq \sum_{\beta \in \mathbb{N}} \log(200 \ell^{\beta/2}) \leq \sum_{\beta \in \mathbb{N}} \log(200) + \sum_{\beta \in \mathbb{N}} \log \ell^{\beta/2} = \log(200) + \frac{1}{2} \log \ell \sum_{\beta \in \mathbb{N}} \beta$

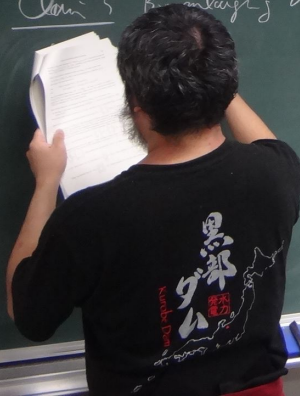
(P1) $\exists \neq \emptyset \text{ mod } \ell = \{ \alpha \in \mathbb{N}_{>0} \mid \alpha \geq 2, \exists \beta \text{ s.t. } \alpha \beta \text{ odd and } \alpha \beta \}$
 $\Rightarrow \exists \text{ s.t. } \ell \mid \alpha \Rightarrow \exists \text{ s.t. } \log \ell \leq \log(200 \ell^{\beta/2}) \leq \log(200) + \frac{1}{2} \log \ell \sum_{\beta \in \mathbb{N}} \beta$

(T_X) non-arch part
 $\text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) \leq \log l + T_X$
 $\text{ht} \dots ([\mathbb{F}_X/H, \text{Im}(\sigma)])$
 l -gal.

(2) $\exists \text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) \geq \text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) + \log(\text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x))$
 $\forall \epsilon > 0$
 $\text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) \leq \text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) + \epsilon \text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x)$
 (3) $\text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) - \frac{1}{2} \log l \leq \text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) \leq \text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) + \frac{1}{2} \log l$

$\text{ht}_{\text{up}(H_0, \dots)}(x) \leq \log l + T_X$
 $\text{ht} \dots \leq \frac{\sum_{\beta \in \mathbb{N}} \log \ell^{\beta/2}}{\log \ell} \leq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\beta \in \mathbb{N}} \beta$

Claim 3 By enlarging \mathbb{F}_X , we may assume



Claim 3 By enlarging E we may assume

(P6) The image of the center form
 $G_d(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{F}) \rightarrow G_2(\mathbb{F}_q)$
 $E[\mu_d]$ contains $SL_2(\mathbb{F}_q)$

(P7) [Gen III, Lem 3.1(i), (iii)]

(P2) \Rightarrow $l \neq h \neq 0$ (P5) \Rightarrow $\mathbb{V}_{\text{mod}}^{\text{bad}} \neq \emptyset$
 the image $H \Rightarrow N_{+} := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 \hookrightarrow g.c.t.s on l-Sylow subgp of $G_2(\mathbb{F}_q)$

l-Sylow subgp of $G_2(\mathbb{F}_q) = q+1$

$$N_{\pm}(\mathbb{F}_q) = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x^{-1} \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

(P4) $(E \cap \mathbb{F}) \neq \{1\}$

$\Rightarrow H \ni$ a nontrivial l -Sylow

$\Rightarrow n_{H, l} = \# \{l\text{-Sylow in } H\} > 1$

$n_H \equiv 1 \pmod{l} \Rightarrow n_H = l+1 \ (l \nmid n_H \in \mathbb{Z})$

$\Rightarrow N_{+}, N_{-} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in H$

$SL_2(\mathbb{F}_q) \cong G := \langle N_{+}, N_{-} \rangle$

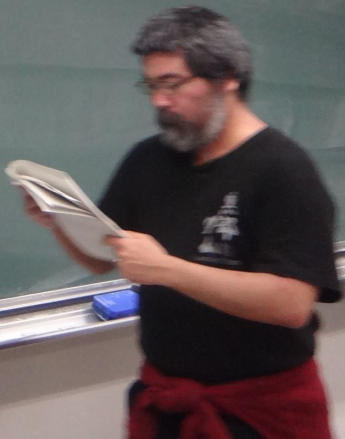
$E, \mathbb{F}, \mathcal{O}, \mathbb{V}_{\text{mod}}^{\text{bad}}$
 $(P7) \cong \mathbb{C}_K \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$

$(\mathbb{F} \cap \mathbb{V}_{\text{mod}}^{\text{bad}}) \subset \mathbb{C}_K \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$
 \hookrightarrow an l -Sylow

(P4)

\sim Apply $[-l, 2] \leftarrow [-l, 2]$

\hookrightarrow inv.



$$(A) \frac{1}{6} \log(\sigma_2) \leq \left(1 + \frac{80 d_{\max}}{\ell}\right) (\log|\delta^{F+2d}| + \log|\gamma^{F+2d}|) + 20(d_{\max}^2 \ell + 20 \ell \rho_{\max})$$

$$\leq (1 + d^* \kappa^{\frac{1}{2}}) (\log|\delta^{F+2d}| + \log|\gamma^{F+2d}|) + 20(d^*)^2 \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell) + 20 \ell \rho_{\max}$$

\uparrow
 $(P1) \ell \ll 80 d_{\max} \ll d_{\max}^* \leq d^*$

$$(B) \frac{1}{6} \log(\sigma_1^2) - \frac{1}{6} \log(\sigma_2) \leq \frac{1}{6} \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log \ell \leq \frac{1}{3} \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(5d^* \ell) \leq \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell)$$

\uparrow (P3) \in (P5) \uparrow (P5a) \uparrow $\leq 2^3$

$$(C) \frac{1}{6} \log(\sigma_1^4) - \frac{1}{6} \log(\sigma_1^2) \leq \frac{2}{3} R_{\kappa}$$

\uparrow $\mathbb{R}_{>0}$

(A), (B), (C)

$$\frac{1}{6} \log(\sigma_1^2) - \frac{1}{6} \log(\sigma_2) \leq (1 + d^* \kappa^{\frac{1}{2}}) (\log|\delta^{F+2d}| + \log|\gamma^{F+2d}|) + (1 + d^* \kappa^{\frac{1}{2}}) \log(2d^* \ell) + 20(d^*)^2 \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell) + 20 \ell \rho_{\max}$$

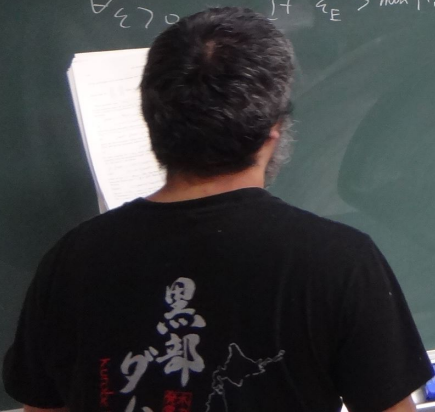
$$\leq (1 + d^* \kappa^{\frac{1}{2}}) (\log|\delta^{F+2d}| + \log|\gamma^{F+2d}|) + \frac{1}{6} \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell) + 20 \ell \rho_{\max}$$

\leftarrow $C_{\kappa} = 40 \ell \rho_{\max} + 2 B_{\kappa}$ \leftarrow $\frac{1}{6} \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell)$

$$C_E = \log(10d^*)^2 \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell) + 20 \ell \rho_{\max} \leq \log(2d^* \ell) + 20 \ell \rho_{\max}$$

$$\sim (P6) \quad C_E \leq 4 \log(10d^*)^2 \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell) + 4 \log(10d^*)^2 \ell^{\frac{1}{2}} \log(2d^* \ell)$$

$\forall \epsilon > 0 \quad \exists \epsilon_E > \min\{1, \epsilon\}$



$$\frac{1}{b} \log |y| \leq \frac{1}{b} \log |y|^{1+\epsilon} \leq h^{\frac{1}{b}} \quad \forall \epsilon > 0$$

$$\epsilon_E = \frac{1}{60} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$$\sim (\epsilon_E) \epsilon_E \leq 4 \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$\forall \epsilon > 0$

If $\epsilon_E > \min\{1, \epsilon\}$

$\Rightarrow h \notin \text{bdd}(\epsilon(\epsilon_E))$

\Rightarrow enlarge $\epsilon_{K,d}$ by an $\epsilon_{K,d,\epsilon}$

we may assume $\epsilon_E \leq \min\{1, \epsilon\}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{b} h \leq \left(1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{5} \epsilon_E\right) \left(\log(|S^{F_{id}}|) + \log(|F^{F_{id}}|)\right)$$

$$+ \left(1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E\right)^{-1} \frac{1}{5} C_K$$

$$\leq \left(1 + \epsilon_E\right) \left(\log(|S^{F_{id}}|) + \log(|F^{F_{id}}|)\right) + C_K$$

$$\leq \left(1 + \epsilon_E\right) \left(\log \text{diam}(X_E) + \log \text{rad}(X_E) + \log |X_E| + C_K\right)$$

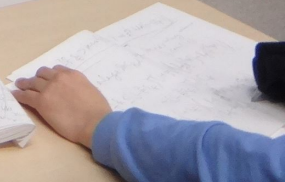
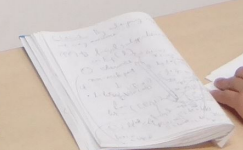
$$\leq \log \text{diam}(X_E) + \log |X_E| + \log \text{rad}(X_E) + C_K$$

$\frac{1}{b} \log |y| \leq \frac{1}{b} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$
 \rightarrow Prop OK //

def of ϵ_E
 $\epsilon_E \geq \frac{1}{60} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}$

$$\frac{1 + \epsilon_E}{1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E} \leq 1 + \epsilon_E$$

$$\frac{1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E}{1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E} \geq \frac{1}{2}$$



$$(c) \frac{1}{b} \log_2(\eta^b) - \frac{1}{b} \log_2(\eta^{b^2}) \leq \frac{2}{b} R_X$$

\uparrow (p3) \in (ps) \uparrow (p5a) \uparrow $\leq \frac{2}{b} \log_2(\eta^{b^2})$
 \uparrow R_X

$$\leq (1 + d^*)^{\frac{1}{b}} \left(\log_2(\eta^b) + \log_2(\eta^{b^2}) \right) + \dots$$

$$\leq (1 + d^*)^{\frac{1}{b}} \left(\log_2(\eta^b) + \log_2(\eta^{b^2}) \right) + \dots$$

0.37A

If $\epsilon_E > \min\{\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2\}$
 $\Rightarrow \eta^{\frac{1}{5}} \notin \text{bhd} (\leftarrow \epsilon_E)$

\Rightarrow enlarge $\epsilon_{X_{k,d}}$ by an $\epsilon_{X_{k,d}, \epsilon}$
 we may assume $\epsilon_E \leq \min\{\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2\}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{b} \leq \left(1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{5} \epsilon_E\right) \left(\log_2(\eta^{\frac{1}{5}}) + \log_2(\eta^{\frac{1}{5}}) \right)$$

$$+ \left(1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E\right)^{-1} \sum C_X + C_X + C_X$$

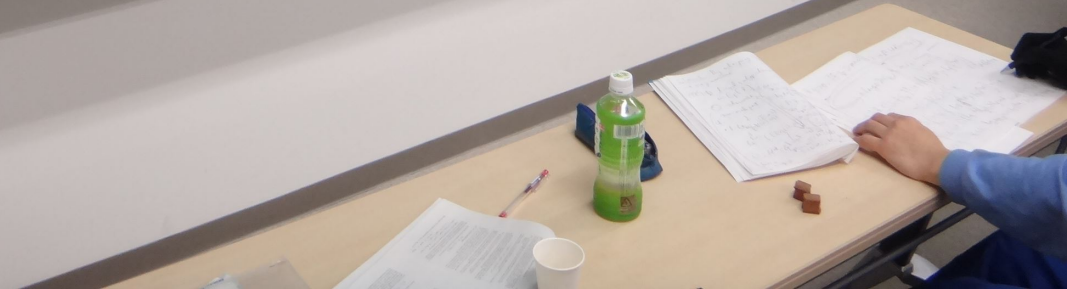
$$\leq (1 + \epsilon_E) \left(\log_2(\eta^{\frac{1}{5}}) + \log_2(\eta^{\frac{1}{5}}) \right) + C_X + C_X$$

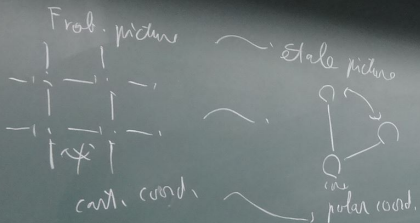
$$\leq (1 + \epsilon_E) \left(\log_2(\eta^{\frac{1}{5}}) + \log_2(\eta^{\frac{1}{5}}) \right) + C_X + C_X$$

def of ϵ_E
 $\epsilon_E \geq \frac{1}{5} \epsilon_E$
 $\frac{1 + \frac{1}{5} \epsilon_E}{1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E} \leq 1 + \epsilon_E$
 $\frac{1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E}{1 - \frac{2}{5} \epsilon_E} \geq \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{b} \log_2(\eta^b) \approx \log_2(\eta^b)$
 \rightarrow Proj OK

$\frac{1}{b} \log_2(\eta^b) \approx \log_2(\eta^b)$
 \rightarrow Proj OK





HA polar coord. (r, θ)

$$\sum_j |a_j| \approx \frac{r^2}{2\epsilon}$$

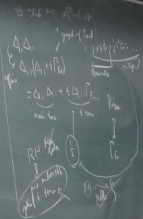
$\int_0^{2\pi} |a_j| r dr$

cart. coord.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}$$

complex

by shell



$$\int \epsilon_E > \min\{1, \epsilon\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{h} \notin \text{bdd} \quad (\leftarrow \epsilon(Eps))$$

\Rightarrow enlarge $\epsilon_{K,d}$ by an $\epsilon_{K,d,\epsilon}$

we may assume $\epsilon_E \leq \min\{1, \epsilon\}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{h} \leq \left(1 - \frac{2}{5}\epsilon_E\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{5}\epsilon_E\right) (|a_j| + |b_j|) + C_{K,d} + C_K$$

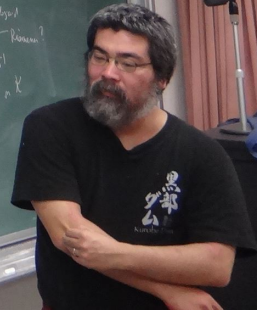
$$+ \left(1 - \frac{2}{5}\epsilon_E\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{5}\epsilon_E\right) \sum_j (|a_j| + |b_j|) + C_{K,d} + C_K$$

$$+ \frac{1}{b} \log\left(\frac{r}{\epsilon}\right) \approx \log\left(\frac{r}{\epsilon}\right) + \log\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)$$

\rightarrow Prop OK //

$$\log \frac{r}{\epsilon} = \log \frac{r}{\epsilon} + \log \frac{1}{b}$$

$\log \frac{1}{b} = \log \frac{1}{b} + \log \frac{1}{b}$



平成27年3月 9日(月)~13日(金): 420
平成27年3月16日(月)~20日(金): 110
RIMS共同研究

宇宙際タイヒミュラー理論の
検証と更なる発展
京都大学・数理解析研究所
望月 新一 氏

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米田 実彦 氏

RIMS 共同研究「特報研究」宇宙際タイヒミュラー理論の検証と更なる発展

京都大学数理解析研究所の共同利用期間、共同研究事業の一として、下記の月1回共同研究を開催します。

報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)
共催者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)
共催者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

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開催：平成27年3月9日(月)～13日(金)
開催：平成27年3月16日(月)～20日(金) (ホト1回)
1日毎席 (ホト20席)

3月9日(月)

09:00-10:00 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

10:00-10:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

11:00-11:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

12:00-12:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

13:00-13:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

14:00-14:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

15:00-15:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

16:00-16:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

17:00-17:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

18:00-18:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

19:00-19:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

20:00-20:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

21:00-21:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

22:00-22:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

23:00-23:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

24:00-24:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

25:00-25:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

26:00-26:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

27:00-27:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

28:00-28:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

29:00-29:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

30:00-30:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

31:00-31:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

32:00-32:15 報告者：望月新一 (数理解析研究所)

講演要旨集

星野一郎 (数論) 「数論的幾何とアーベル群の作用」

「Noether の理論」の応用として、数論的幾何の幾何学的な側面を考察する。Noether の理論は、数論的幾何の幾何学的な側面を考察する。Noether の理論は、数論的幾何の幾何学的な側面を考察する。Noether の理論は、数論的幾何の幾何学的な側面を考察する。

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